

# New Pacific Metals Corp.





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All references to dollar values are in U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated.

New Pacific's disclosure documents are available on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR) at www.sedar.com and EDGAR at www.sec.gov/EDGAR.

#### CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This presentation includes certain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information (collectively, "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable Canadian and U.S. securities legislation, including the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this presentation including, without limitation, the Company's anticipated exploration and business plans and timing of future activities of New Pacific, the possibility, timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, resource and reserve determination and reserve conversion rates, and statements with respect to the price of silver and other metals, are forward-looking statements. Estimates of mineral reserves and mineral resources are also forward-looking statements because they incorporate estimates of future developments including future mineral prices, costs and expenses and the amount of minerals that will be encountered if a property is developed. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as: "anticipates," "expects," "believes," "forecasts", "projects", "estimates," "seeks," "plans," "intends", "strategies", "targets", "goals", "objectives", "budgets", "schedules", "potential" or variations thereof or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved, or the negative of any of these terms and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of assumptions, estimates, beliefs, expectations and opinions as of the date of the disclosure that, while considered reasonable by New Pacific, are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies, including, without limitation, that market fundamentals will result in sustained precious metals demand and prices, her receipt of any necessary permits, licenses, social licenses and regulatory approvals in connection with the future development

Forward-looking statements by New Pacific are not guarantees of future results or performance, and actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements as a result of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and various other factors. Such risks and uncertainties include fluctuations in precious metal prices, unpredictable results of exploration activities, uncertainties inherent in the estimation of mineral reserves and resources, fluctuations in the costs of goods and services, problems associated with exploration, development and mining operations, changes in legal, social or political conditions in the jurisdictions where New Pacific operates, including with respect to establishing and maintaining social license at any of the Company's projects, delays in obtaining governmental permits and approvals, lack of appropriate funding, accidents, other risks of the mining industry, risks relating to epidemics or pandemics such as COVID–19 and other risk factors as discussed in New Pacific's filings with Canadian and U.S. securities regulatory agencies. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions or estimates prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. New Pacific cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. New Pacific disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements in this presentation, except as otherwise required by law. No securities regulatory authority has in any way passed on the merits of this presentation nor any securities referred herein.

#### Cautionary Note to U.S. Investors Concerning Resource Estimate

This presentation has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the securities laws in effect in Canada, which differ in certain material respects from the disclosure requirements promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). For example, the terms "mineral reserve", "proven mineral reserve", "probable mineral resource", "measured mineral resource", "indicated mineral resource" and "inferred mineral resource" are Canadian mining terms as defined in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the "CIM") – CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended. These definitions in the disclosure requirements promulgated by the SEC. Accordingly, information contained in this presentation may not be comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies reporting pursuant to SEC disclosure requirements.



#### 2022 Resource Estimate and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Silver Sand Project

The Mineral Resource estimate included in the Preliminary Economic Assessment ("Study" or "PEA") is reported according to the classification criteria set out in the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy, and Petroleum Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Reserves ("CIM Definition Standards"). These standards are internationally recognized and allow the reader to compare the Mineral Resource with that reported for similar projects. The results of the PEA will be set forth in an independent technical report prepared in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") which will be filed on SEDAR under the Company's profile within 45 days of the date of the Silver Sand PEA news release dated January 9, 2023. Readers are cautioned that the PEA is preliminary in nature and is intended to provide an initial assessment of the project's economic potential and development options. The PEA mine schedule and economic assessment includes numerous assumptions and is based on both Measured & Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources. Inferred Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA results will be realized. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by geology, environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing or other relevant issues. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Additional exploration will be required to potentially upgrade the classification of the Inferred Mineral Resources to be considered in future advanced studies. AMC Mining Consultants (Canada) Ltd. (mineral resource, mining, infrastructure and financial analysis) was contracted to conduct the PEA in cooperation with Halyard Inc. (metallurgy and processing), and NewFields Canada Mining & Environment ULC (tailings, water and waste management)

The PEA is based on the updated Mineral Resource Estimate which was reported on November 28, 2022. The effective date of the 2022 Mineral Resource Estimate for Silver Sand is 31 October 2022. The cut-off applied for reporting the pit-constrained Mineral Resources is 30 g/t silver. Assumptions made to derive a cut-off grade included mining costs, processing costs and recoveries and were obtained from comparable industry situations. The model is depleted for historical mining activities. Mineral Resources are constrained by optimized pit shells at a silver price of US\$22.50 per ounce, silver metallurgical recovery of 91%, silver payability of 99%, open pit mining cost of US\$2.6/t, processing cost of US\$16/t, G&A cost of US\$2/t, and slope angle of 44-47 degrees. Key assumptions used for pit optimization for the PEA mining pit include silver price of US\$2.50 per ounce, silver metallurgical recovery of 91%, silver payability of 99%, open pit mining cost of US\$2.6/t, incremental mining cost of US\$0.04/t (per 10 m bench), processing cost of US\$16/t, tailing storage facility operating cost of US\$0.7/t, G&A cost of US\$2/t, royalty of 6.00%, mining recovery of 92%, dilution of 8%, and cut-off grade of 30 g/t silver.

The 2022 Mineral Resource Estimate was completed by AMC Mining Consultants (Canada) Ltd. ("AMC Consultants" or "AMC"), and the Qualified Person ("QP") is Dinara Nussipakynova, P.Geo. of AMC Consultants. The QP, Dinara Nussipakynova, P.Geo. considers sample preparation, analytical, and security protocols employed by New Pacific to be acceptable. The QP has reviewed the quality assurance and quality control procedures used by New Pacific including the use of certified reference materials, blank, duplicate, and umpire data, and considers the assay database to be adequate for Mineral Resource estimation. The QP also carried out data verification both on site and on the database. This included a review of the assay database and collar locations. The QP considers the assay database to be acceptable for Mineral Resource estimation. These are mineral resources not mineral reserves as they do not have demonstrated economic viability. Results are presented in situ. Ounce (troy) = metric tonnes x grade / 31.103475. Calculations used metric units (meters, tonnes, g/t). Any discrepancies in the totals are due to rounding effects. The 2022 Mineral Resource Estimate is based on a geological model that included assay results received by New Pacific for the Silver Sand deposit to 25 July 2022. Mineralization wireframes were constructed by New Pacific with LeapFrog® software. The 131 domains were reviewed by the QP and were accepted for estimation purposes. Over 82% of the volume was contained in the two largest domains. AMC completed an ordinary kriging ("OK") estimate on the four largest domains and inverse distance squared ("ID2") was used in the other domains. Prior to estimation, drillhole data were composited to an average of 1.2 m samples and were capped for all variables within each domain where required. Capping value for silver was 2,000 g/t Ag for all domains. In addition to the estimate completed inside the domains, a background OK estimate was also completed outside of mineralization wireframes. For the mineralized domains the parent block size was 2.5 mE x 5 mN x 2.5 mRL with sub-blocking employed. Sub-blocking resulted in minimum cell dimensions of 1.25 mE x 0.5 mN x 1.25 mRL. The background mineralization (outside the mineralization domains) was estimated with a parent block dimension of 5 mE x 10 mN x 5 mRL. As mineralization is hosted in one rock type, the QP assigned bulk density measurements to the block model based on the mean bulk density. Density values of 2.54 tonnes/m3 was assigned to both blocks inside and outside of the mineralized domains. Mineral Resource classification was completed using an assessment of geological and mineralization continuity, data quality and data density. Estimation passes were used as an initial guide for classification. Wireframes were then generated manually to build coherent volumes for the different classes. The block model was classified as Measured, Indicated, and Inferred Mineral Resources as appropriate.

The scientific and technical information contained herein has been reviewed and approved by Alex Zhang, P. Geo., Vice President of Exploration, who is a Qualified Person for the purposes of National Instrument 43-101 — Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101"). The Qualified Person has verified the information disclosed herein using standard verification processes, including the sampling, preparation, security and analytical procedures underlying such information, and is not aware of any significant risks and uncertainties or any limitations on the verification process that could be expected to affect the reliability or confidence in the information discussed herein.



### Why Invest in New Pacific Metals?



# Silver Sand Project A large pure silver deposit amenable to open pit & tank leach operation

2022 Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA):

- 4 million tonnes per year throughput
- Production of 171Moz payable silver over 14 years mine life
- Post-tax NPV (5%)US\$726M & IRR 39%

See "Cautionary Note – 2022 Resource Estimate and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Silver Sand Project".



# Carangas Project An extensive silver horizon above a thick gold deposit

2021: drilled 35 holes in 13,000 m, discovered a 1,000 m by 800 m silver horizon overlying a broad gold zone

**2022:** over 50,000 m in 115 drill holes completed and every hole hit silver or gold

**2023**: plans to drill 15,000 m in Q1, MRE expected in Q2



Silverstrike Project 200 m thick near surface oxidized gold zone discovered in 2022 drilling

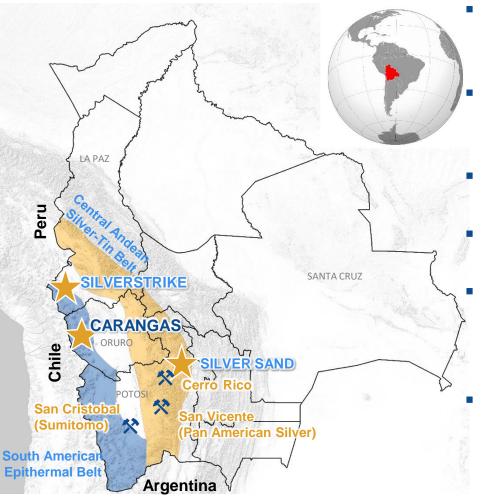
Extensive mining dumps show 150 to 200 g/t silver

**2022**: drilling discovered 200 m interval @ ~1 g/t gold

Multiple targets of Silver Sand and Carangas types of mineralization



## **Bolivia: A Significant Silver-Producing Country**



- The Cerro Rico mine of Bolivia produced over 1.6 B oz of silver since the 1500's
- Mining is responsible for 47% of its exports in 2020
- The most stable currency in Latin America
- Under-explored over the last 20 years
- New Pacific's Silver Sand discovery has earned its reputation in Bolivia as a reliable and trustworthy partner
- Benefits from the first mover advantage by acquiring the Carangas and Silverstrike projects and two new discoveries were made

\*

**New Pacific property** 

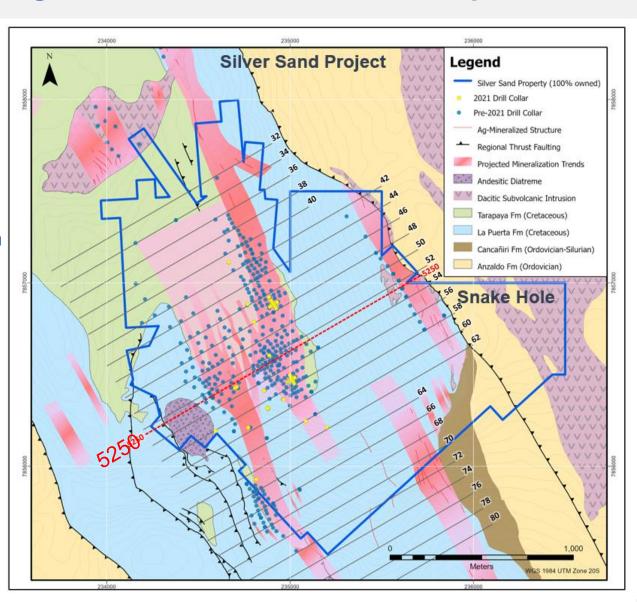
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Polymetallic producing mine



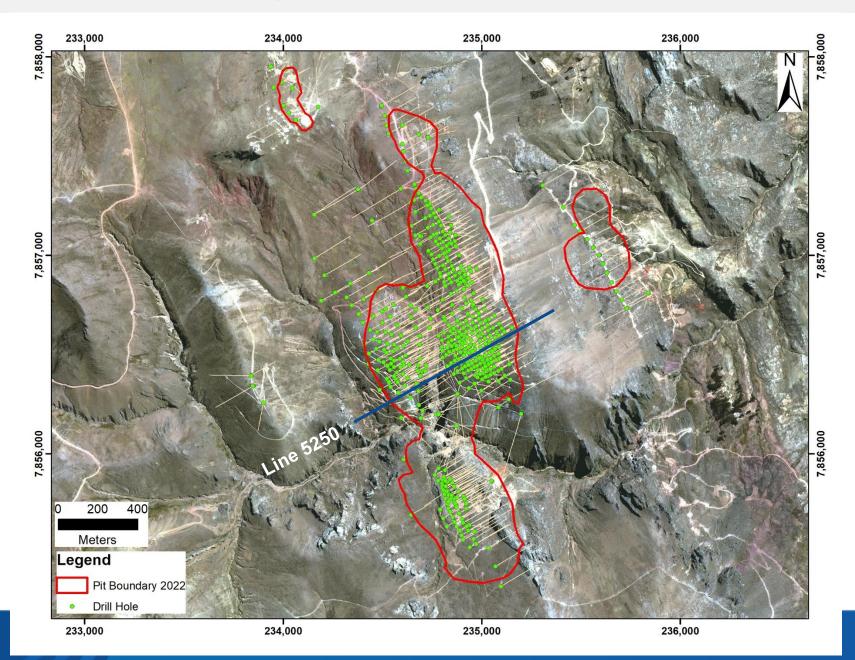
### Silver Sand: A Large, Near Surface Pure Silver Deposit

- Silver Sand Administrative Mining Contract (AMC) covers an area of 3.17 square kilometers, which grants the right to mine
- ~136,000 m diamond drilling in 551 holes were drilled from 2017 to 2022, which form the base for Mineral Resource Estimates (MRE)
- NI 43-101 MRE released 2020
- Updated NI 43-101 MRE released 2022
- PEA released January 9, 2023





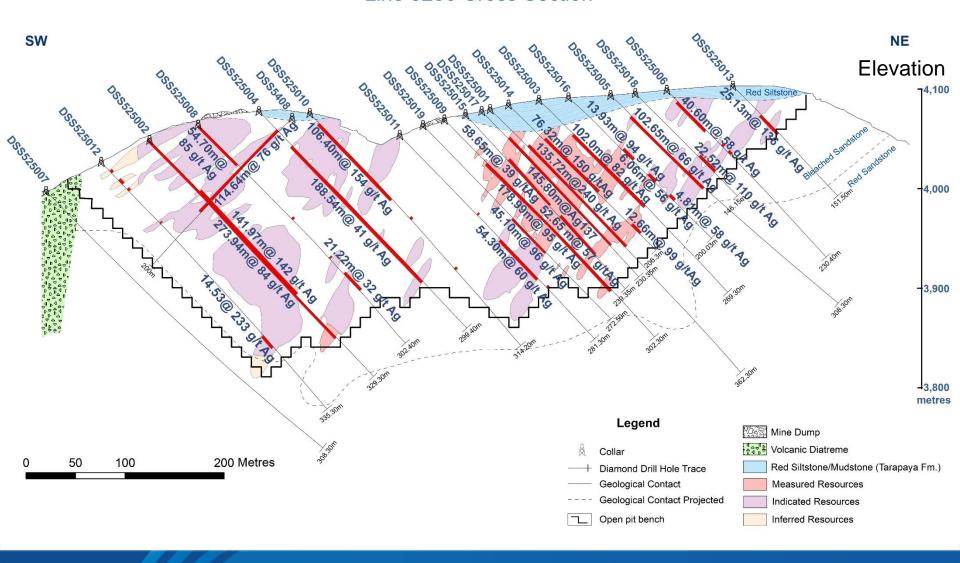
# Silver Sand Drilling and open pit boundary





### Silver Sand: A Large, Near Surface Pure Silver Deposit

#### Line 5250 Cross Section





### Silver Sand: A Large, Near Surface Pure Silver Deposit

#### NI 43-101 MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES

	Class	Tonnes (Mt)	Ag (g/t)	Ag (Moz)
2040	Measured	8.40	159	43.05
2019	Indicated	26.99	130	112.81
(Cut-off 45 g/t	Measured + Indicated	35.39	137	155.86
Ag)	Inferred	9.84	112	35.55
2022 (Cut-off 30 g/t Ag)	Measured	14.88	131	62.60
	Indicated	39.38	110	139.17
	Measured + Indicated	54.26	116	201.77
	Inferred	4.56	88	12.95
Difference	Measured	6.48	-28	19.55
	Indicated	12.39	-20	26.37
	Measured + Indicated	18.87	-21	45.91
	Inferred	-5.28	-24	-22.60

#### Notes:

- 2022 NI 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimates for the Silver Sand Project as of 31 October 2022
- Readers are cautioned that mineral resources are not economic mineral reserves and that the economic viability of resources that are not mineral reserves has not been demonstrated. The estimate of mineral resources may be materially affected by geology, environmental, permitting, legal, title, socio-political, marketing or other relevant issues. The mineral resource estimate is classified in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum's "CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves" incorporated by reference into NI 43-101. Under Canadian rules, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies or economic studies except for Preliminary Assessment as defined under NI 43-101. Readers are cautioned not to assume that further work on the stated resources will lead to mineral reserves that can be mined economically. See "Cautionary Note 2022 Resource Estimate and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Silver Sand Project".
- Mineral Resources are constrained by optimized pit shells at a metal price of US\$22.50/oz Ag, recovery of 91% Ag, payable Ag = 99% (Drilling results up to 25 July 2022)
- Assumptions for pit optimization: Mining Cost = US\$2.6/t mined; Processing Cost = US\$16/t; G&A Cost = US\$2/t; Slope Angle = 44-47 degrees
- Both MREs were completed by AMC Mining Consultants (Canada) Ltd
- See the Company's October 28, 2022, and January 9, 2023, news releases for further information. Alex Zhang, P.Geo, Vice President of Exploration, New Pacific Metals Corp, is the Company's designated Qualified Person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and has reviewed and approved that the information contained herein is accurate.

# The Preliminary Economic Assessment (PEA) for the Silver Sand project is authored by AMC Mining Consultants (Canada) Ltd. and released on January 9, 2023, highlights include:

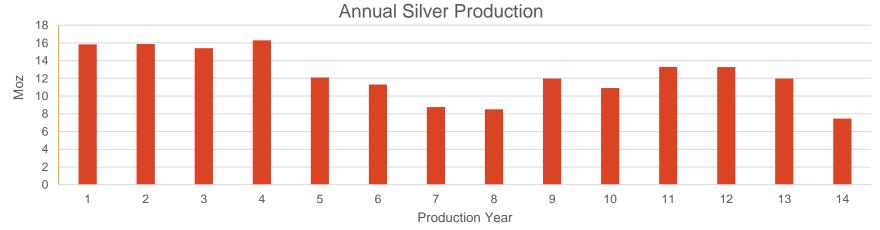
- Open pit mining strip ratio 3.6 : 1
- Processing throughput: 4 million tonnes per year
- Post-Tax NPV (5%) of \$726 million and IRR of 39%
- Total payable silver metal produced will be ~171 million ounces over 14-year mine life
- First 4 years annual payable silver production >15 million ounces
- Total capital costs of \$327 million
- Average LOM operating cash cost of US\$8.45/oz silver
- Total all-in sustaining cost of US\$10.42/oz silver

Readers are cautioned that the PEA is preliminary in nature and is intended to provide an initial assessment of the project's economic potential and development options. The PEA mine schedule and economic assessment includes numerous assumptions and is based on both Measured & Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources. Inferred Resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA results will be realized. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. See "Cautionary Note – 2022 Resource Estimate and Preliminary Economic Assessment for the Silver Sand Project". See the Company's January 9, 2023, news release for further information. Alex Zhang, P.Geo, Vice President of Exploration, New Pacific Metals Corp, is the Company's designated Qualified Person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and has reviewed and approved that the information contained herein is accurate.



#### **Silver Sand PEA Base Case Parameters**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Open Pit Strip Ratio	t:t	3.6:1
Annual Processing Rate	Kt	4,000
Mine Life	Years	14
LOM Silver Head Grade	g/t	107
Silver Recovery (Tank Leaching + Merrill Crowe)	%	91
First 4 years Annual Silver Production	Moz	>15
Silver Payable	%	99
Silver Price	US\$/oz	22.5



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### **Silver Sand PEA Project Economics**

Items	Unit	Value
Annual Processing Rate	Kt	4,000
LOM Silver Head Grade	g/t	107
Silver Price	US\$/oz	22.5
LOM Payable Silver Metal	Moz	171
LOM Total Net Revenue	\$M	3,510
Mining cost	\$/t milled	9.55
Processing cost (including tailings)	\$/t milled	14.85
General and Administration cost	\$/t milled	1.86
Operating Costs (Total)	\$/t milled	26.26
Operating Cash Cost	US\$/oz Ag	8.45
Total All-In Sustaining Cost	US\$/oz Ag	10.42
Payback Period (Pre-tax)	Yrs	1.4
Payback Period (Post-tax)	Yrs	1.9
Cumulative Net Cash Flow (pre-tax)	\$M	1,727
Pre-tax NPV(5%)	\$M	1,106
Pre-tax IRR	%	52
Post-tax NPV (5%)	\$M	726
Post-tax IRR	%	39

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#### Total Capital Cost Estimate (direct, indirect and contingency)

Description	Cost (\$M)
Open pit pre-stripping (18.5Mt)	47
Contractor mobilization	1
Processing plant	186
Tailings facility	25
Site infrastructure	47
Owner's cost	21
Total capital cost	327
Initial capital	308
Sustaining capital	20

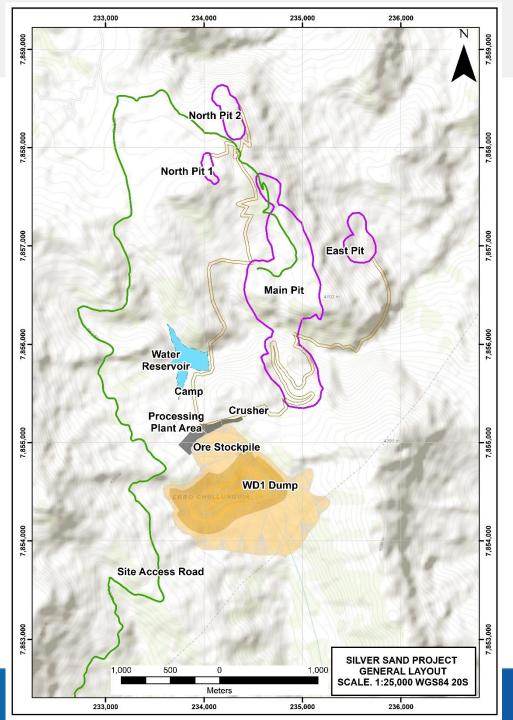
- Mining will be contract mining (three 260t Excavators, thirteen 140t Trucks)
- Processing plant equipment and tailings facility equipment estimate are based on quotations received globally
- Site infrastructure including power and water supply are based on local quotations

See the Company's January 9, 2023, news release for further information. Alex Zhang, P.Geo, Vice President of Exploration, New Pacific Metals Corp, is the Company's designated Qualified Person within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects and has reviewed and approved that the information contained herein is accurate.



- 97% total payable silver comes from the Main pit, the rest from 3 smaller satellite pits
- Open pit mining: conventional drilling and blasting, loading by excavator and hauling by trucks
- Waste is hauled to external and inpit waste rock dumps

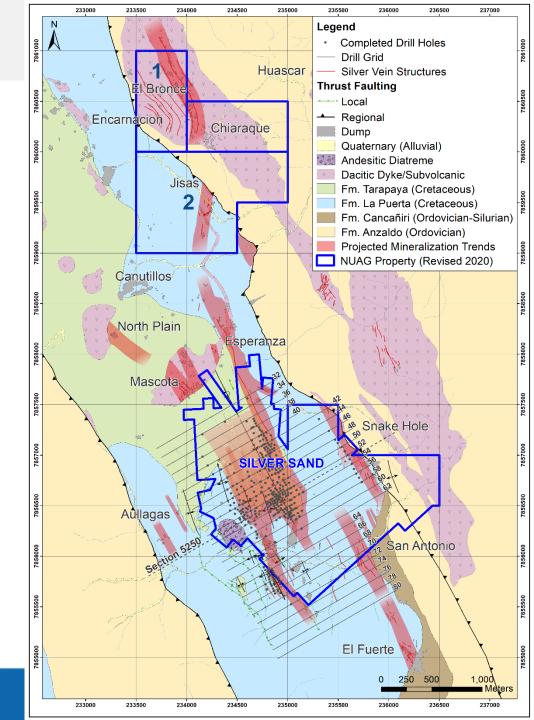
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# Satellite Prospects drilled in 2022 (assay pending)

- 1. El Bronce, the North Block
- 2. Jisas, the North Block



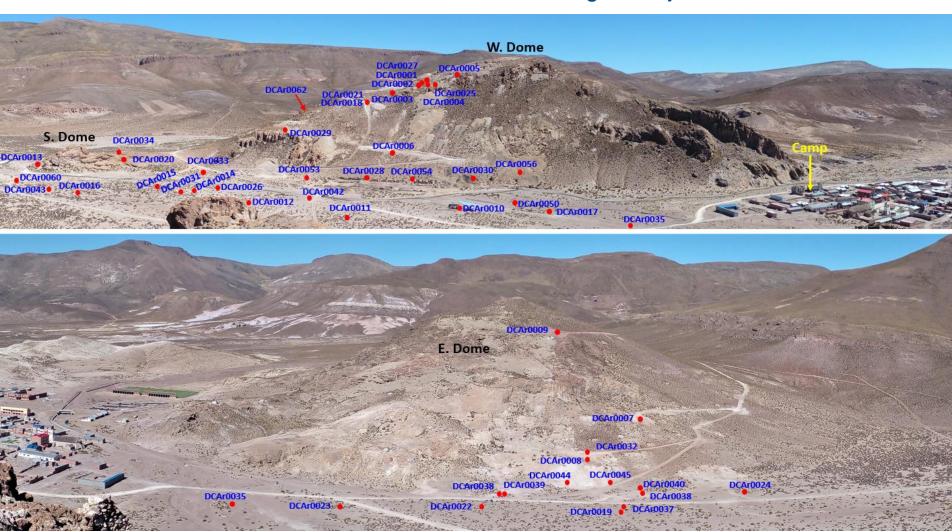
# Carangas: A Silver-Gold System Discovered in 2021

- 6.25 km² silver-gold-lead-zinc project at ~3,900 m elevation, located in Oruro Department, Bolivia
- 35 drill holes in 13,000 m drilling completed in 2021 with every hole intercepted mineralization
- Drill results have shown an extensive, near-surface silver horizonal of 1,000 m long by 800 m wide and up to 200 m thick, stacked above a thick gold zone
- An additional 50,368 m drilling in 115 holes completed by in 2022. Since June 2021, a total of 63,578 m in 150 holes have been drilled
- Every drill holes intercepted silver horizon near surface and holes at the Central Valley area continuously hit gold underneath the silver horizon
- A 15,000 m drill program planned in Q1 2023 to test the eastern extension of gold mineralization beneath the East Dome and expand parts of the shallow silver horizon
- Carangas inaugural Mineral Resource Estimate expected in Q2 2023



## Carangas: A New Silver-Gold System Discovered in 2021

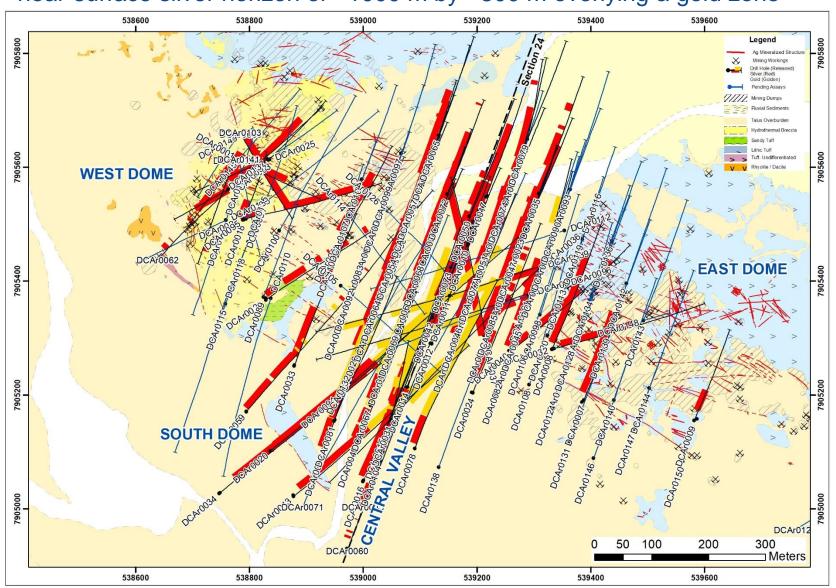
#### Panoramic View of Drill Sites at the Carangas Project





#### Carangas: A New Silver System Discovered in 2021

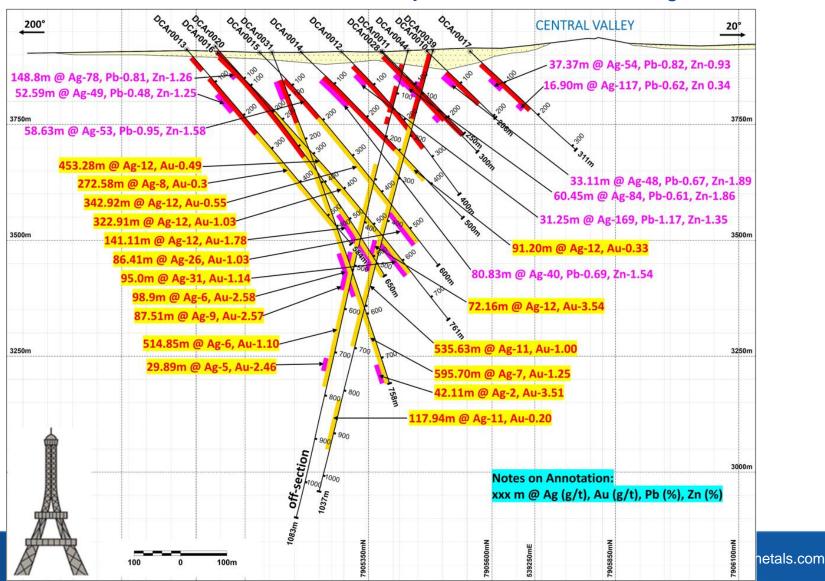
Geology and 2021 Drill Plan Map near-surface silver horizon of ~1000 m by ~800 m overlying a gold zone





#### Carangas: Silver Horizon underlaid by a thick Gold Zone

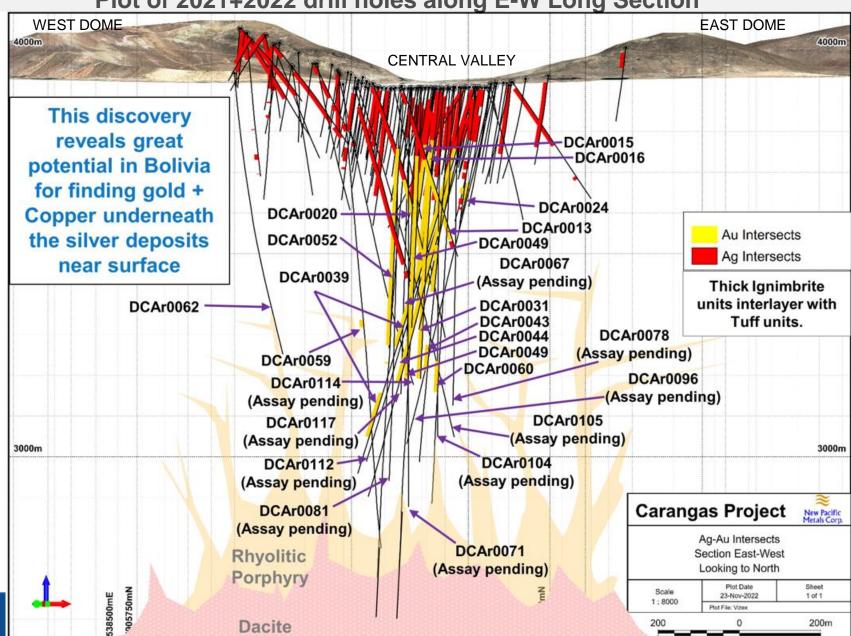
Cross Section 24 shows a near-surface silver horizon stacked on top of an extended gold zone, similar to the Filo Del Sol Project in the same metallogenic belt.





Carangas: Silver Horizon underlaid by a thick Gold Zone

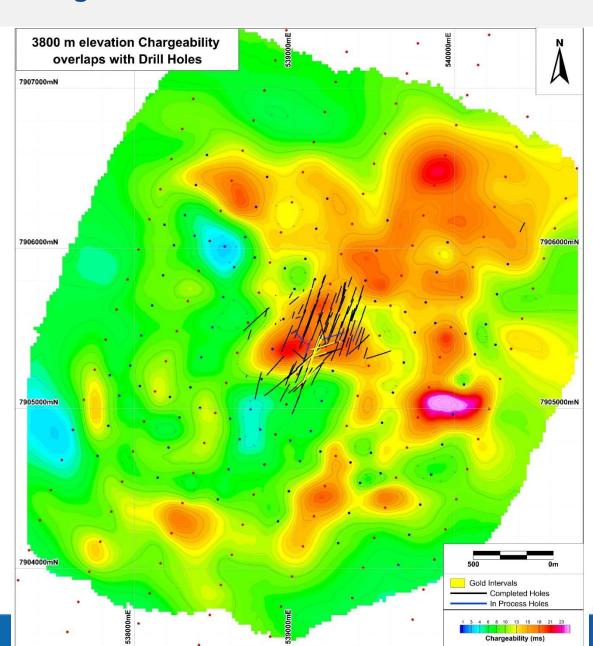
Plot of 2021+2022 drill holes along E-W Long Section





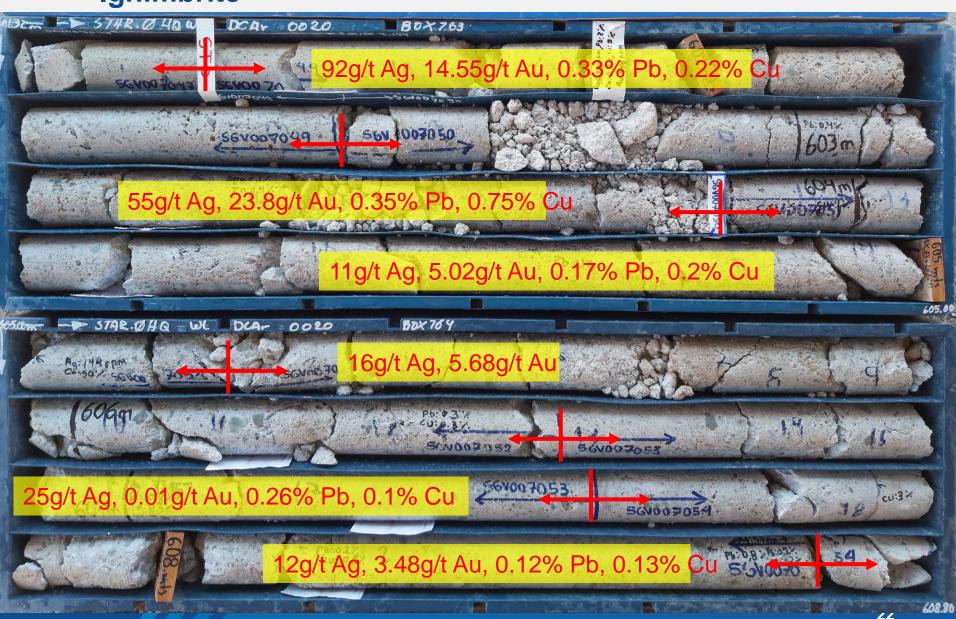
#### **Carangas: IP Guides Drilling for more Gold and Silver**

- Multiple chargeability anomalies at 3800 m elevation
- Currently drilled area of 1000m by 800 m only overlays a small area of chargeability anomalies
- Drilling for a potential new gold target at the southeast area of high chargeability anomaly
- Drilling for potential new silver horizons at the northeast of the area of the chargeability anomaly



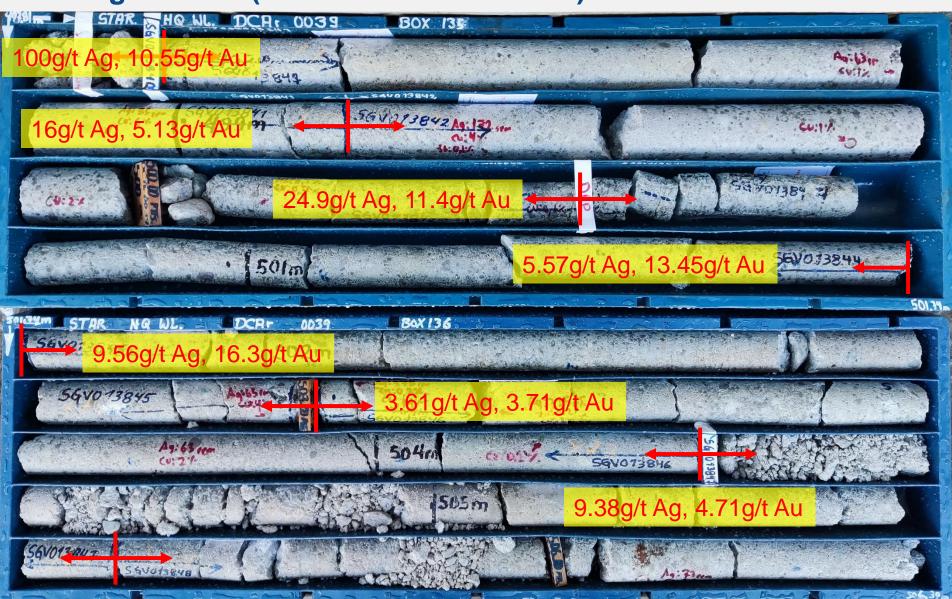


# Core Photo for Hole DCAr0020 Showing Gold + Copper in Ignimbrite





# Core Photo for Hole DCAr0039 Showing Gold + Silver in Ignimbrite (Main Gold intersection)





# **Carangas: Positive Preliminary Metallurgical Results**

#### Whole Ore Cyanide Leach

		Degree of	
Sample #	Mineralization	Oxidization	Recovery
1	Silver-Lead	Oxidized	84.1% silver recovery
		Oxidized to Semi-	
2	Silver-Lead-Zinc	Oxidized	85.0% silver recovery
3	Silver-Lead-Zinc	Fresh	74.3% silver recovery
4	Gold	Fresh (sulfur<1%)	98.8% gold recovery
5	Gold	Fresh (sulfur ~3%)	98.5% gold recovery

#### Rougher Flotation

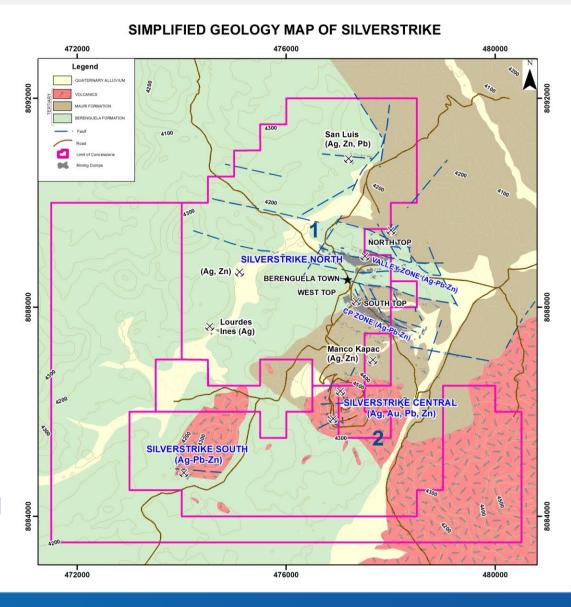
		Degree of	
Sample #	Mineralization	Oxidization	Recovery
1	Silver-Lead	Oxidized	72 -77% silver recovery into silver/lead concentrate
		Oxidized to Semi-	90-94% silver recovery and 93-95% zinc recovery into
2	Silver-Lead-Zinc	Oxidized	combined silver/lead and zinc concentrates
			99% silver recovery, 98-99% lead recovery and 96-97% zinc
3	Silver-Lead-Zinc	Fresh	recovery into combined silver/lead and zinc concentrates

- For gold, cyanide leach and carbon-in-pulp (CIP) may potentially achieve an average of 98.6% gold recovery. Gold doré will be the final product
- For silver-lead-zinc, silver/lead concentrate and zinc concentrate may be produced by sequential selective flotation or gravity concentration. The resultant silver/lead concentrate may be treated by cyanide leach to enable silver doré production



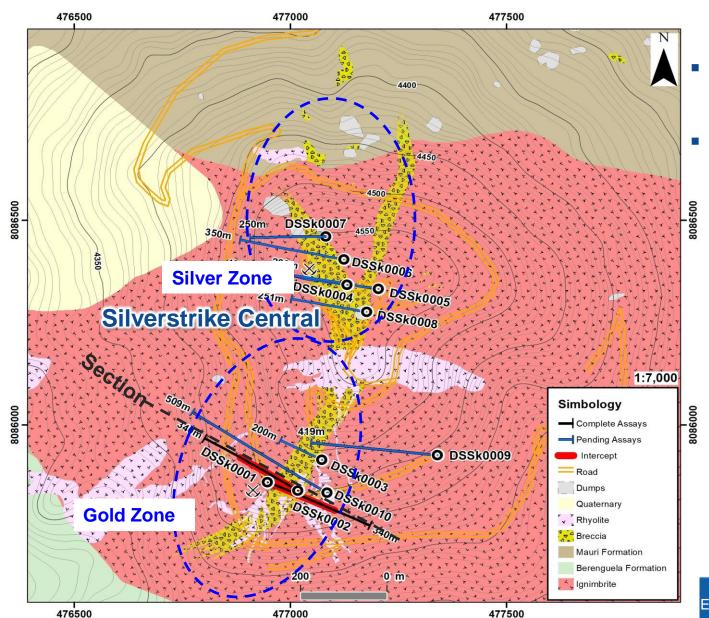
#### Silverstrike: Historic Silver Mining District to Be Drilled

- 44.5 km² land package, located 140 km southwest of La Paz, Bolivia
- Rio Tinto drilled 8 diamond holes and 12 RC holes in 1995
- Drill-ready targets:
- 1 Silverstrike North: sandstonehosted, structurally controlled silver mineralization, similar to the setting at Silver Sand
- ② Silverstrike Central: disseminated silver-lead-zinc and gold mineralization associated with rhyolitic volcanic dome, like Carangas. Extensive gold zone discovered





## Silverstrike: Drilling at Silverstrike Central

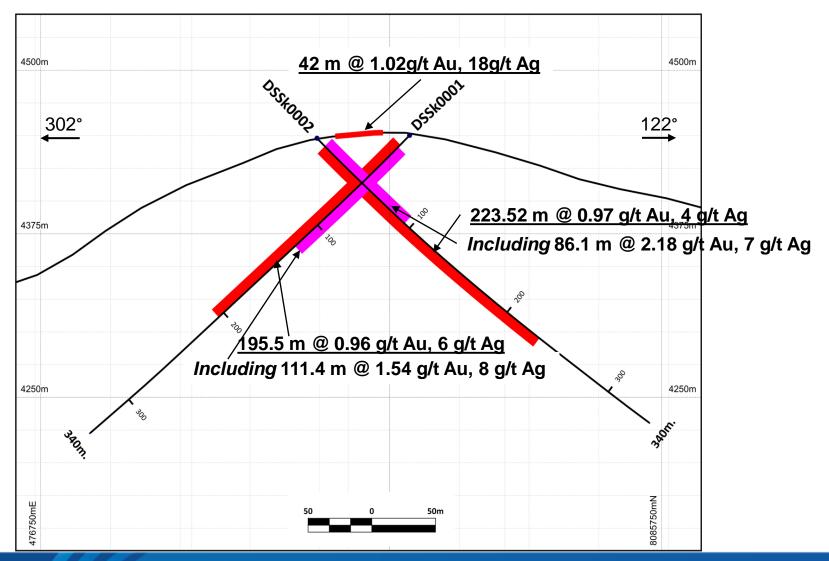


- Advanced a +6,000 m drill program in 2022
- Assays of first two holes received and released

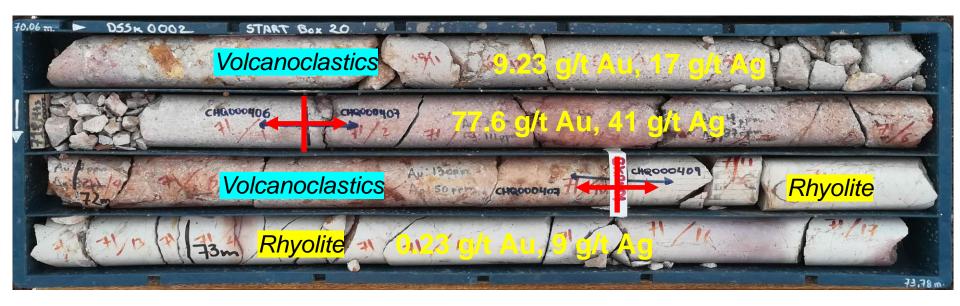


### Silverstrike: Drilling at Silverstrike Central

#### Gold Zone - Drilling confirmed oxidized gold mineralization extends at depth



Higher Gold Grade intervals occurs near the contact of the rhyolite and volcanoclatics



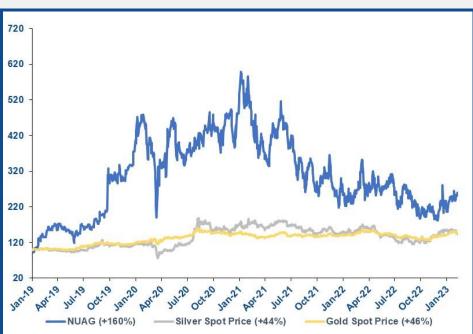
Silverstrike discovery marks another milestone following the discoveries of Silver Sand and Carangas

The discoveries display NUAG's capability to grow shareholder value through:

- 1. Careful project identification
- 2. Smart acquisition
- 3. Thorough geological study
- 4. Well-planned drilling
- 5. Excellent Geological location for discovery in Bolivia

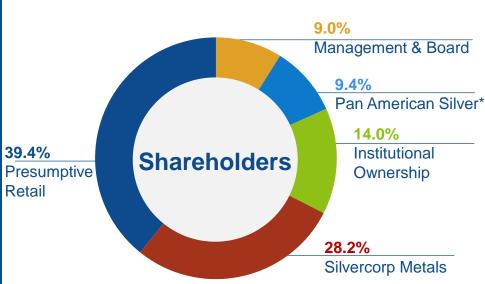


## **New Pacific Metals: Dual Listed on TSX & NYSE-A**



#### **Financial Snapshot**

Common Shares Outstanding	157.0 M
Fully Diluted Common Shares	163.7 M
Market Capitalization (as of Feb. 7, 2023)	US\$433 M
Cash & Investments (as of Dec 31, 2022)	US\$17 M
Debt	None



Institution	Analyst
PI FINANCIAL experience. driven.	Chris Thompson
BMO 🖴	Ryan Thompson
ROTH Capital Partners	Joseph Reagor

\*Pan American Silver share ownership is an estimate.

# **Proven Leadership and Experience**

#### **MANAGEMENT**

Dr. Rui Feng	Founder, CEO & Director	+25 years of experience in the mining industry; founder of multiple successful companies with significant discoveries of new mineral resources
Alex Zhang, P. Geo	VP of Exploration & Founder	+25 years of exploration, technical, and managerial experience
Andrew Williams	President	15 years of mining equity research, portfolio management, and financial advisory experience
Jalen Yuan	Chief Financial Officer	+15 years of financial reporting, auditing, internal control, and accounting in the mining industry
Hernan Uribe	Country Manager & Founder for Bolivia	+25 years of exploration and project management experience in the mining industry
Carolina Ordoñez	VP of Corporate Affairs	+15 years of international trade, investor and government relations experience in the mining sector

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Terry Salman Chairman	President & CEO of Salman Capital Inc. and Salman Partners Inc.; helped raise over \$20 billion for over 400 mining and exploration companies	
<b>Dr. Rui Feng,</b> Ph.D. Director & Founder	Chairman & CEO of Silvercorp Metals Inc.; Founder of multiple successful companies with significant discoveries of new mineral resources	
Dickson Hall Director	+40 years of experience in finance and corporate development, with a strong emphasis on the mining sector	
Martin Wafforn Director	Senior VP of Technical Services and Process Optimization at Pan American Silver	
Maria Tang, CPA Director	+20 years of experience in accounting with focus on the mining industry; has held a number of executive and board positions.	
Dr. Peter Megaw, Ph.D. Director  Renowned silver geologist; recipient of the Thayer Lindsley Award for h discovery of silver deposits		



