

NEW PACIFIC METALS CORP.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

DATE OF REPORT: November 16, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand the significant factors that have affected New Pacific Metals Corp. and its subsidiaries' ("New Pacific" or the "Company") performance and such factors that may affect its future performance. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and the related notes contained therein. In addition, the Company reports its financial position, financial performance and cash flow in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The Company's significant accounting policies are set out in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for statements of historical fact relating to the Company, certain information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are frequently characterized by words such as "plan", "expect", "project", "intend", "believe", "anticipate", and other similar words, or statements that certain events or conditions "may" or "will" or "can" occur. Forward-looking statements are based on the opinions and estimates of management on the date the statements are made, and are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. These factors include the fluctuating equity prices, bond prices, commodity prices, calculation of resources, reserves and mineralization, foreign exchange risks, interest rate risk, foreign investment risk, loss of key personnel, conflicts of interest, dependence on management, uncertainties relating to the availability and costs of financing needed in the future and other factors described in this report. There can be no assurance that such forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on such statements. Except as required by applicable securities laws, the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements or forward-looking statements that are incorporated by reference herein.

Additional information relating to the Company can be obtained on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, and on the Company's website at www.newpacificmetals.com.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

New Pacific Metals Corp. along with its subsidiaries is a Canadian mining issuer engaged in exploring and developing precious metal mining properties in Bolivia, Canada and China. The Company was previously an investment issuer engaged in investing in privately held and publicly traded corporations under the name of New Pacific Holdings Corp. The change of the Company's business and name was approved by the Company's shareholders at the Special Meeting held on June 30, 2017.

The Company is in the business of exploring and developing its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether its mineral property interests contain economically recoverable mineral reserves. The underlying value and the recoverability of the amounts shown for mineral property interests are entirely dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable mineral reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of the mineral property interests, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral property interests.

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The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, Alberta, Manitoba, Ontario, and Quebec, and trades on TSX Venture under the symbol "NUAG.V".

ALCIRA ACQUISITION

On July 20, 2017, the Company has closed its previously announced acquisition of 100% interest in Empresa Minera Alcira S.A. ("Alcira"), a private Bolivian incorporated mining company from its three shareholders (the "Vendors") pursuant to the terms of a share purchase agreement (the "Agreement") dated March 28, 2017. Alcira has seven silver-polymetallic mineral properties or ATEs (Temporary Special Authorization) in Bolivia. The most significant property is the Silver Sand Property (the "Property"), located in the Potosi Department, which has been subjected to some small-scale, historic mining and was drilled during the period 2012 through 2015 by Alcira. The other six are early-stage exploration projects, which have either been subject to limited small-scale mining or historical drilling.

The Company acquired Alcira for total cash consideration of \$57,070,675 (US\$45,000,000). During the three months ended September 30, 2017, total payments of \$45,858,200 (US\$36,250,000) were paid to the Vendors. Combined with the previous payment of \$4,866,375 (US\$3,750,000) made on April 6, 2017, total payments made to the Vendors as of September 30, 2017 were \$50,724,575 (US\$40,000,000). According to the agreement, the remaining balance of \$6,240,000 (US\$5,000,000) is to be paid to the Vendors once the Company has received certain specified permits and licenses from the authorities of Bolivia necessary for mining and milling operations, or once Alcira has commenced commercial production. This amount was accrued under contingent payment of property acquisition as at September 30, 2017.

The transaction is entered into based on normal market conditions at the amount agreed on by the parties. The transaction did not meet the criterion of a business combination since Alcira lacks the necessary inputs, process, and outputs of being a business; therefore it has been accounted for as an acquisition of assets by the Company. The purchase consideration was allocated to the assets acquired based on their fair values at the date of the acquisition net of any associated liabilities. The only material asset acquired was the mineral property interest of the Silver Sand Property.

To facilitate the funding of its acquisition of Alcira, the Company successfully completed two private placements during the period.

On July 17, 2017, the Company closed a private placement to issue a total of 43,521,250 common shares at a price of \$1.01 (US\$0.80) per share for gross proceeds of \$44,109,657 (US\$34,817,000). Total finder's fee for the transaction was \$554,632.

On July 28, 2017, the Company closed another private placement to issue a total of 1,250,000 common shares at a price of \$1.00 (US\$0.80) per share for gross proceeds of \$1,244,700 (US\$1,000,000).

PROJECTS OVERVIEW

1. Silver Sand Property

On July 20, 2017, the Company acquired the Silver Sand Property. The Silver Sand Property is located in the Potosi Department, Bolivia. The property consists of 17 contiguous concessions totalling 3.15 square kilometers in size. The property is one of the earliest silver discoveries in the district, having been made

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prior to the discovery of Cerro Rico in the mid-1500's. Small-scale, historic mining is evident from scattered shafts, pits, adits, declines and dumps. The property was explored previously by intermittent surface mapping and sampling, underground sampling and surface core drilling between 2012 and 2015.

Exploration Progress

The Company started the preparation works for the planned exploration program immediately after the acquisition of the Silver Sand Property. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, total expenditures of \$387,748 were capitalized under the property. These expenditures were mainly related to the site and camp preparation, maintaining a regional office in La Paz, and building a competent management team and workforce for the property.

Subsequent to the period end in October 2017, the Company successfully received necessary permits from the relevant Bolivian government authorities and immediately started commencing a 30,000 metres exploration drilling program on the property.

2. Tagish Lake Gold Property

In December 2010, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the Tagish Lake Gold Property through the acquisition of Tagish Lake Gold Corp. TLG is a wholly owned direct subsidiary of the Company. The Tagish Lake Gold Property is located 80 kilometres by road south of Whitehorse, Yukon, Canada, and consists of 1,510 mineral claims covering approximately 254 square kilometres. Within the property, three geographically distinct projects have been identified: the Skukum Creek, Goddell, and Mt. Skukum projects.

On September 14, 2012, the Company filed an updated National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") report for the Skukum Creek, Goddell and Mt. Skukum projects. The Company does not intend to conduct any further exploration on the Tagish Lake Gold Property and will examine strategic opportunities for the Tagish Lake Gold Property in accordance with its business strategies and objectives.

Exploration Progress

Since the acquisition of the Tagish Lake Gold Property in December 2010, the Company had one exploration season that commenced on May 18, 2011 and ended on October 9, 2011. The property was on care and maintenance status with a rotating crew of 2 men on site at all times between the end of exploration work and November 2014. Since November 2014 the camp has been sealed and unmanned. All major onsite equipment items have been removed for sale.

3. RZY Silver-Lead-Zinc Project

On March 28, 2013, the Company acquired 80% of Fortress Mining Inc.'s ("FMI") interest in the RZY Silver-Lead-Zinc Project through the purchase of all the outstanding common shares of FMI from Silvercorp Metals Inc., a related party of the Company, for cash consideration of US\$3.5 million. The RZY Project is held through FMI's 82% owned subsidiary, Qinghai Found Mining Co. Ltd. ("QFM"). The RZY Project exploration permit has been transferred from Qinghai Geological Survey Institute ("QGS"), the minority shareholder of QFM, to QFM as of September 3, 2013.

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The RZY Project, located in Qinghai, China is an early stage silver-lead-zinc exploration project, situated on a high plateau with an average elevation of 5,000 metres above sea level. The RZY project is located approximately 296 kilometres via paved and gravel roads from the capital city of Yushu, Tibetan Autonomous Prefecture, or 1157 kilometres via paved highway from Qinghai Province's capital city of Xining. Regular commercial flights are available from Xining to Yushu.

Exploration Progress

The most recent drill program at the RZY Project was completed on October 20, 2013. In 2016, the Qinghai Provincial Government issued a moratorium which temporarily suspends exploration for twenty six mining projects including the Company's RZY project. RZY's exploration permit expired on November 19, 2016. The application for the renewal of the exploration permit is in the final stage and subject to the Government's approval.

The continuity schedule of mineral property acquisition costs and deferred exploration and development costs is summarized as follows:

Cost	Silver Sand	Tagish Lake	RZY Project	Total
Balance, July 1, 2016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,415,900	\$ 4,415,900
<u>Capitalized exploration expenditures</u>				
Reporting and assessment	42,591	-	-	42,591
Drilling and assaying	392,726	-	-	392,726
Other	31,655	-	-	31,655
Foreign currency translation impact	-	-	(97,028)	(97,028)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 466,972	\$ -	\$ 4,318,872	\$ 4,785,844
<u>Capitalized exploration expenditures</u>				
Reporting and assessment	12,555	-	-	12,555
Drilling and assaying	13,056	-	-	13,056
Project management and support	295,613	-	-	295,613
Site preparation	64,538	-	-	64,538
Pemitting	1,986	-	-	1,986
Acquisition premium	56,728,782	-	-	56,728,782
Foreign currency translation impact	(107,370)	-	(85,745)	(193,115)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 57,476,132	\$ -	\$ 4,233,127	\$ 61,709,259

INVESTMENTS OVERVIEW

1. Bonds

The Company acquired bonds issued by other companies from various industries through the open market. These bonds were held to receive coupon interest payments as well as to realize potential gains. The bonds may also be disposed on demand through the open market should the Company require funds for other operational or investment needs.

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The continuity of bonds is summarized as follow:

	Amount
Balance, July 1, 2016	\$ 17,201,630
Interest earned	982,109
Gain on fair value change	274,240
Coupon payment	(986,842)
Disposition	(6,226,770)
Foreign currency translation impact	159,899
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ 11,404,266
Interest earned	154,845
Gain on fair value change	27,799
Coupon payment	(125,616)
Disposition	(1,973,498)
Foreign currency translation impact	(378,349)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 9,109,447

During the three months ended September 30, 2017 total gains in the amount of \$182,644 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$458,766) were derived from the bonds portfolio. This represents an annualized weighted average rate of return of 8.4%, compared to the return of 9.95% as at June 30, 2017.

2. Equity Investments

Equity investments represent equity interests of other publicly-trading or privately-held companies that the Company has acquired through the open market or through private placements. These equity interests consist of common shares and warrants.

The equity investments are summarized as follow:

	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Common shares		
Public companies	\$ 5,199,197	\$ 5,818,695
Private companies	312,000	428,669
Warrants		
Public companies	560,740	593,030
	\$ 6,071,937	\$ 6,840,394

The continuity of equity investments is summarized as follow:

	Fair value	Accumulated mark-to-market gain included in net income
Balance, July 1, 2016	\$ 3,700,345	\$ 2,473,528
Acquisition	4,367,120	
Proceeds on disposal	(2,947,967)	
Change in fair value	1,720,896	1,720,896
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$ 6,840,394	\$ 4,194,424
Change in fair value	(768,457)	(768,457)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 6,071,937	\$ 3,425,967

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FINANCIAL RESULTS

Net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$1,551,099 or \$0.01 per share (three months ended September 30, 2016 - net income of \$3,582,268 or \$0.05 per share). The Company's financial results were mainly impacted by the following: (i) loss from investments of \$576,944 compared to income of \$3,682,428 in the prior year; (ii) foreign exchange loss of \$469,304 compared to foreign exchange gain of \$149,066 in the prior year; and, (iii) operating expenses of \$507,450 compared to \$253,360 in the prior year.

Loss from investments for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$576,944 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - income of \$3,682,428). Within the loss from investments, \$768,457 was from loss on the Company's equity investments offset by gain of \$182,644 from fair value change and interest earned on bonds.

Operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2017 were \$507,450 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$253,360). The increase in operating expenses was a result of the Company's increased activities in acquiring and operating mining properties in Bolivia. Items included in operating expenses are as follows:

- (i) **Consulting fees** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 were \$2,925 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$nil).
- (ii) **Filing and listing fees** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 were \$39,408 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$8,841). The filing fees include the base fee and variable fee based on the market capitalization paid to TSX Venture. The increase of filing fees in the current period was related to TSX Venture's approval of the Company's private placement financing and change of business.
- (iii) **Investor relations expense** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$35,781 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$4,618). The Company engaged in more mining conferences and roadshows in the current period since it changed its business back to mining.
- (iv) **Professional fees** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 were \$52,713 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$19,834). The increase in professional fees was a result of additional legal and accounting services related to the Alcira acquisition.
- (v) **Salaries and benefits expense** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$205,206 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$112,291). The increase in salaries in the current period was due to increased operating activities resulting in more chargeable hours for existing employees and the creation of a few new positions.
- (vi) **Office and administration expense** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$98,797 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$75,048). The increase in office and administration expenses was a result of the overall increased activity levels of the Company.

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(vii) **Share-based compensation** for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$65,795 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$22,912).

Foreign exchange loss for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$469,304 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - foreign exchange gain of \$149,066). The Company holds a large portion of cash and cash equivalents and bonds in US dollars while the Company's functional currency is Canadian dollar. The fluctuation in exchange rates between the US dollar and Canadian dollar will impact the financial results of the Company. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, the US dollar depreciated by 3.8% against Canadian dollar (from 1.2977 to 1.2480) while in the prior year the US dollar appreciated by 0.8% against Canadian dollar (from 1.3009 to 1.3117).

Selected Quarterly Information

	Sep 30, 2017	For the Quarters Ended		
		June 30, 2017	Mar 31, 2017	Dec 31, 2016
Income (loss) from Investments	\$ (576,944)	\$ (708,806)	\$ 2,420,122	\$ (2,361,196)
Income (loss) before other income and expenses	(1,084,394)	(1,465,329)	1,721,712	(2,760,090)
Other income (loss)	(469,304)	(93,991)	(154,423)	528,271
Net (loss) income	(1,553,698)	(1,559,320)	1,567,289	(2,231,819)
Net (loss) income attributable to equity holders	(1,551,099)	(1,551,574)	1,570,466	(2,228,616)
Basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share	(0.01)	(0.02)	0.02	(0.03)
Total assets	81,767,069	31,982,526	33,837,211	32,107,923
Total liabilities	6,720,574	406,837	799,402	737,447

	Sep 30, 2016	For the Quarters Ended		
		Jun 30, 2016	Mar 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2015
Income from Investments	\$ 3,682,428	\$ 1,507,480	\$ 1,543,806	\$ (37,290)
Loss before other income and expenses	3,429,068	1,287,128	1,286,638	(295,171)
Impairment of mineral property interests	-	(3,850,343)	-	-
Other income (loss)	149,309	117,268	(1,456,190)	713,076
Net income (loss)	3,578,377	(2,445,947)	(169,552)	417,905
Net income (loss) attributable to equity holders	3,582,268	(1,760,845)	(165,165)	421,784
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share	0.05	(0.03)	(0.00)	0.01
Total assets	34,439,948	30,799,017	33,274,197	34,186,828
Total liabilities	805,111	790,340	793,016	1,042,440

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

1. Cash Flows

Cash used in operating activities for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$308,181 (three months ended September 30, 2016 – \$70,934).

Cash used in investing activities for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$44,350,007 (three months ended September 30, 2016 –\$3,189,214). Cash flows from investing activities were mainly impacted by the following: (i) capital expenditure of \$386,513 and plant and equipment additions of \$78,792 spent on the Silver Sand Property compared to \$nil in the prior year; (ii) net proceeds of \$1,973,498 from disposition of bonds compared to net spending of (\$3,189,214) from purchase of equity investments in the prior year; and (iii) payment of \$45,858,200 for the Alcira acquisition in the current period.

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Cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$45,357,874 (three months ended September 30, 2016 – nil). Cash provided in the current period was from the following: (i) \$44,799,725 was raised through the two private placement financing (net of finder's fee); and, (ii) \$558,149 was proceeds from stock option exercises.

2. Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had working capital of \$13,330,273 (June 30, 2017 – 19,844,283), comprised of cash and cash equivalents of \$4,450,725 (June 30, 2017 - \$3,810,360), bonds of \$9,109,447 (June 30, 2017 - \$11,404,266) and other current assets of \$250,675 (June 30, 2017 - \$5,036,494) offset by current liabilities of \$480,574 (June 30, 2017 - \$406,837). Management believes that the Company has sufficient funds to support its normal exploration and operating requirement on an ongoing basis.

The Company does not have unlimited resources and its future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including, among others, cash flow from interest, dividends, and realized gains on investments. To the extent that its existing resources and the funds generated by future income are insufficient to fund the Company's operations, the Company may need to raise additional funds through public or private debt or equity financing. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of equity securities, the percentage ownership of current shareholders will be reduced and such equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of the holders of the Company's common stock. No assurance can be given that additional financing will be available or that, if available, can be obtained on terms favourable to the Company and its shareholders. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be required to delay, limit or eliminate some or all of its proposed operations. The Company believes it has sufficient capital to meet its cash needs for the next 12 months, including the costs of compliance with continuing reporting requirements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company manages its exposure to financial risks, including liquidity risk, foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and equity price risk in accordance with its risk management framework. The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework and reviews the Company's policies on an ongoing basis.

(a) Fair Value

The Company classifies its fair value measurements within a fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements as defined in IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures ("IFRS 7").

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

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The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy at September 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 that are not otherwise disclosed. As required by IFRS 7, financial assets are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Recurring measurements	Fair value as at September 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,450,725	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,450,725
Bonds	9,109,447	-	-	9,109,447
Common shares ⁽¹⁾	5,199,197	-	312,000	5,511,197
Warrants	-	560,740	-	560,740

⁽¹⁾ Common shares in private companies are Level 3 financial instruments

Recurring measurements	Fair value as at June 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,810,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,810,360
Bonds	11,404,266	-	-	11,404,266
Common shares ⁽¹⁾	5,818,745	-	428,669	6,247,414
Warrants	-	592,980	-	592,980

⁽¹⁾ Common shares in private companies are Level 3 financial instruments

Fair value of other financial instruments excluded from the table above approximates their carrying amount as of September 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

There were no transfers into or out of level 3 during the periods.

(b) Liquidity Risk

The Company has a history of losses and no operating revenues from its operations. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its short term business requirements. As at September 30, 2017, the Company had a working capital position of \$13,330,273 and sufficient cash resources to meet the Company's short-term financial liabilities and its planned exploration expenditures on the Silver Sand property in Bolivia for, but not limited to, the next 12 months.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that give rise to commitments for future minimum payments. The following summarizes the remaining contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities:

	September 30, 2017		June 30, 2017	
	Due within a year			
Trade and other payables	\$	357,145	\$	355,909
Due to a related party		123,429		50,928
	\$	480,574	\$	406,837

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(c) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk when it undertakes transactions and holds assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than its functional currencies. The Company currently does not engage in foreign exchange currency hedging. The Company's exposure to foreign exchange risk is summarized as follows:

The amounts are expressed in CAD equivalents	September 30, 2017		June 30, 2017
United States dollars	\$	13,776,676	\$ 15,666,583
Bolivianos		108,518	41,826
Chinese RMB		133,983	149,171
Financial assets in foreign currency	\$	14,019,177	\$ 15,857,580
United States dollars	\$	6,240,000	\$ -
Bolivianos		6,647	3,545
Chinese RMB		77,590	79,160
Financial liabilities in foreign currency	\$	6,324,237	\$ 82,705

As at September 30, 2017, with other variables unchanged, a 1% strengthening (weakening) of the U.S. Dollar against the CAD would have increased (decreased) net income by approximately \$75,000.

As at September 30, 2017, with other variables unchanged, a 1% strengthening (weakening) of the Bolivianos against the CAD would have increased (decreased) net income by approximately \$1,000.

As at September 30, 2017, with other variables unchanged, a 1% strengthening (weakening) of the Chinese RMB against the CAD would have increased (decreased) net income by approximately \$560.

(d) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's cash and cash equivalents primarily include highly liquid investments that earn interest at market rates that are fixed to maturity. The Company also holds a portion of cash and cash equivalents in bank accounts that earn variable interest rates. Due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments, fluctuations in market rates do not have significant impact on the fair values of the financial instruments as of September 30, 2017. The Company also owns bonds that earn coupon payments at fixed rates to maturity. Fluctuation in market interest rates usually will have an impact on bond's fair value. An increase in market interest rates will generally reduce bond's fair value while a decrease in market interest rates will generally increase it. The Company monitors market interest rate fluctuations closely and adjusts the investment portfolio accordingly.

(e) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk primarily associated with cash and cash equivalents, bonds, and receivables. The carrying amount of financial assets included on the statement of financial position represents the maximum credit exposure.

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The Company has deposits of cash equivalents that meet minimum requirements for quality and liquidity as stipulated by the Company's Board of Directors. Management believes the risk of loss to be remote, as majority of its cash and cash equivalents are held with major financial institutions. Bonds by nature are exposed to more credit risk than cash. The Company manages its risk associated with bonds by only investing in large globally recognized corporations from diversified industries. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has a receivables balance of \$160,078 (June 30, 2017 - \$149,568).

(f) Equity Price Risk

The Company holds certain marketable securities that will fluctuate in value as a result of trading on global financial markets. As the Company's marketable securities holding are mainly in mining companies, the value will also fluctuate based on commodity prices. Based upon the Company's portfolio at September 30, 2017, a 10% increase (decrease) in the market price of the securities held, ignoring any foreign exchange effects would have resulted in an increase (decrease) to net income of approximately \$610,000.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions not disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Transactions with a related party	Three month ended September 30,	
	2017	2016
Silvercorp Metals Inc. (a)	\$ 169,105	\$ 67,864

Related party transactions are entered at the amounts agreed on by the parties. As at September 30, 2017 and 2016, the balance with a related party, which are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and due on demand, are as follows:

Due to a related party	September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
Silvercorp Metals Inc. (a)	\$ 123,429	\$ 50,928

(a) Silvercorp has two common directors and one officer with the Company and shares office space and provides various general and administrative services to the Company. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, the Company recorded total expenses of \$169,105 (three months ended September 30, 2016 - \$67,864) for services rendered and expenses incurred by Silvercorp on behalf of the Company.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet financial arrangements.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed acquisitions or disposals of assets or business, other than those in the ordinary course of business, approved by the board of directors as at the date of this MD&A.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the consolidated financial statements. These critical accounting estimates represent management estimates that are uncertain and any changes in these estimates could materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements. Management continuously reviews its estimates and assumptions using the most current information available. The Company's critical accounting policies and estimates are described in Note 2 of the accompanied audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Management has identified: (a) Impairment of mineral property interests and (b) Share-based payments as the critical estimates for the following discussion:

(a) Impairment of mineral property interests

Where an indicator of impairment exists, a formal estimate of the recoverable amount is made, which is considered to be the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. These assessments require the use of estimates and assumptions such as long-term commodity prices (considering current and historical prices, price trends and related factors), discount rates, operating costs, future capital requirements, closure and rehabilitation costs, exploration potential, reserves and in-situ value of the property. These estimates and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty. Therefore, there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will impact these projections, which may impact the recoverable amount of assets and/or CGUs. Fair value or value in use is determined as the amount that would be obtained from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties.

(b) Share-based payments

The Company accounts for stock options granted to employees, officers, directors, and consultants using the fair value method. The fair value of options granted to employees, officers, and directors is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with market related inputs as of the date of grant. The fair value of stock options granted to consultants is measured at the fair value of the services delivered. Market related inputs using the Black-Scholes option pricing model are subject to estimation and includes risk free interest rate, expected life of option, expected volatility, expected dividend yield, and estimated forfeiture rate.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at the date of this MD&A, the following securities were outstanding:

(a) Share Capital

Authorized – unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued and outstanding – 112,749,479 common shares with a recorded value of \$102.9 million.

Shares subject to escrow or pooling agreements is nil.

NEW PACIFIC METALS CORP.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

(b) Options

The outstanding options as at the date of this MD&A are summarized as follows:

Options		
Outstanding	Exercise Price \$	Expiry Date
1,745,000	0.55	October 31, 2021
410,000	0.57	September 23, 2018
615,000	0.62	April 7, 2018
1,965,000	1.15	July 31, 2022
4,735,000	\$0.81	

RISK FACTORS

The Company is subject to many risks which are outlined in its Annual Information Form, which is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. In addition, please refer to the *Financial Instruments Section* for the analysis of financial risk factors.